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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A method of building a compressed lexicon, comprising:

receiving a word list and word-dependent data
associated with each word in the word list;
selecting a word from the word list;

- generating an index entry identifying a location
   in a lexicon memory for holding the
   selected word;
- encoding the selected word and its associated word-dependent data to obtain encoded words and associated encoded word-dependent data; and
- writing the encoded word and its associated word-dependent data at the identified location in the lexicon memory.
- 2. The method of claim 1 and further comprising: repeating the steps of selecting, generating, encoding and writing for each word in the word list and the associated word-dependent data.
- 3. The method of claim 2 and further comprising: writing codebooks corresponding to the encoded words and the encoded word-dependent data in the lexicon memory.

4. The method of claim 1 wherein receiving the word list comprises:

counting the words in the word list;
allocating a hash table memory based on a number
of words in the word list; and
allocating a lexicon memory based on the number
of words in the word list.

5. The method of claim 1 wherein generating an index entry comprises:

determining a next available location in the lexicon memory.

6. The method of claim 5 wherein generating an index entry comprises:

calculating a hash value for the selected word; indexing into the hash table to an index location based on the hash value; and writing location data identifying the next available location in the lexicon memory into the index location in the hash table.

7. The method of claim 6 wherein writing location data comprises:

writing an offset into the lexicon memory that corresponds to the next available location in the lexicon memory.

8. The method of claim 1 wherein encoding comprises:

providing a word encoder to encode the words in the word list and encoding the words with the word encoder; and

providing word-dependent data encoders for each type of word-dependent data in the word list and encoding the word-dependent data with the word-dependent data encoders.

9. The method of claim 8 wherein encoding further comprises:

Hufmann encoding the selected word and its associated word-dependent data.

10. The method of claim 1 wherein writing the encoded word and word-dependent data comprises: writing a data structure comprising:

a word portion containing the encoded word;
a word-dependent data portion containing
the encoded word-dependent data; and
wherein each word-dependent data portion
has an associated last indicator
portion and word-dependent data
indicator portion, the last indicator
portion containing an indication of a
last portion of word-dependent data
associated with the selected word, and
the word-dependent data indicator
portion containing an indication of
the type of word-dependent data stored

in the associated word dependent data portion.

- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein writing a data structure comprises writing the word portion and the word-dependent data portions as variable length portions followed by a separator.
- 12. A method of accessing word information related to a word stored in a compressed lexicon, comprising: receiving the word;
  - accessing an index to obtain a word location in the compressed lexicon that contains information associated with the received word;
  - reading encoded word information from the word location; and decoding the word information.
- 13. The method of claim 12 and further comprising: prior to reading the encoded word information, reading an encoded word from the word location;
  - decoding the encoded word; and verifying that the decoded word is the same as the received word.
- 14. The method of claim 12 wherein reading the encoded word information comprises:

reading a plurality of fields from the word location containing variable length word information.

15. The method of claim 14 wherein reading a plurality of fields comprises:

prior to reading each field, reading data type header information indicating a type of word information in an associated field.

16. The method of claim 15 wherein reading a plurality of fields comprises:

reading a last field indicator indicating
whether an associated one of the plurality
of fields is a last field associated with
the received word.

17. The method of claim 12 wherein decoding the word information comprises:

initializing decoders associated with the word and its associated information.

18. The method of claim 12 wherein accessing an index comprises:

calculating a hash value based on the received
 word;

finding an index location in the index based on
 the hash value; and

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reading from the index location a pointer value pointing to the word location in the compressed lexicon.

- 19. A compressed lexicon builder for building a compressed lexicon based on a word list containing a plurality of domains, the domains including words and word-dependent data associated with the words, the compressed lexicon builder comprising:
  - a plurality of domain encoders, one domain encoder being associated with each domain in the word list, the domain encoders being configured to compress the words and word-dependent data to obtain compressed words and compressed word-dependent data;
  - a hashing component configured to generate a
     hash value for each word in the word list;
  - a hash table generator, coupled to the hashing component, configured to determine a next available location in a lexicon memory and write, at an address in a hash table identified by the hash value, the next available location in the lexicon memory; and
  - a lexicon memory generator, coupled to the domain encoders and the hash table generator, configured to store in the lexicon memory the compressed words and compressed word-dependent data, each compressed word and its associated

compressed word-dependent data being stored at the next available location in the lexicon memory written in the hash table at the hash table address associated with the compressed word.

- 20. The compressed lexicon builder of claim 19 wherein the lexicon memory generator is configured to store the compressed words and associated compressed word-dependent data in variable length word fields and variable length word-dependent data fields in the lexicon memory.
- 21. The compressed lexicon builder of claim 20 wherein the lexicon memory generator is configured to store header information associated with each word-dependent data field indicating whether the word-dependent data field is a last field associated with the compressed word and indicating a type of word-dependent data stored in the word-dependent data field.
- 22. The compressed lexicon builder of claim 19 and further comprising:
  - a codebook generator generating a codebook associated with each domain encoder.

- 23. A compressed lexicon accesser for accessing word-dependent data in a compressed lexicon based on a received word, the compressed lexicon accesser comprising:
  - a plurality of domain decoders, one domain decoder being associated with each domain in the compressed lexicon, the domain decoders being configured to decompress the words and word-dependent data;
  - a hashing component configured to generate a hash value for the received word;
  - a hash table accesser, coupled to the hashing component, configured to read from an address in a hash table identified by the hash value, a word location in a lexicon memory corresponding to a lexicon entry for the received word; and
  - a lexicon memory accesser, coupled to the domain decoders and the hash table accesser, configured to read from the word location in the lexicon memory compressed words and compressed word-dependent data and provide the compressed words and compressed word-dependent data to corresponding domain decoders.
- 24. The compressed lexicon of claim 23 wherein the lexicon memory accesser is configured to read the compressed words and associated compressed worddependent data from variable length word fields and

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variable length word-dependent data fields in the lexicon memory.

- 25. The compressed lexicon of claim 24 wherein the lexicon memory accesser is configured to read header information associated with each word-dependent data field indicating whether the word-dependent data field is a last field associated with the compressed word and indicating a type of word-dependent data stored in the word-dependent data field.
- 26. The compressed lexicon of claim 23 and further comprising:
  - a codebook accesser accessing a codebook associated with each domain decoder.
- 27. A compressed lexicon having a data structure, comprising:
  - a word portion storing a compressed word;
  - a first word-dependent data portion storing a
     first type of compressed word-dependent
     data; and
  - a first header portion associated with the first word-dependent data portion storing a type indicator indicating the type of word-dependent data stored in the first word-dependent data portion, and a last field indicator indicating whether the first word-dependent data portion is a last word-

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dependent data portion associated with the compressed word.

- 28. The compressed lexicon of claim 27 wherein the data structure comprises:
  - a plurality of word portions;
  - a plurality of word-dependent data portions associated with each word portion; and
  - a plurality of header portions, one header portion being associated with each word-dependent data portion.
- 29. The compressed lexicon of claim 27 and further comprising:
  - a plurality of marker portions each marker portion marking an end of each word portion or a word-dependent data portion.
- 30. The compressed lexicon of claim 27 and further comprising:
  - a codebook portion storing a plurality of codebooks, one codebook being associated with the word portion and each type of word-dependent data portion.
- 31. The compressed lexicon of claim 27 and further comprising:
  - an index having a pointer to the word portion,
    wherein the pointer is stored at an address
    in the index identified by a hash value

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associated with the word compressed in the word portion.